

Catalog # 10-1068 SKF-96365

CAS# 130495-35-1

1-[2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-2-[3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propoxy]ethyl]imidazole hydrochloride Lot # X101321

SKF-96365 is an inhibitor of receptor-mediated calcium entry (RMCE) with IC $_{50}$'s of $8.5~\mu\text{M}$ for ADP stimulated platelets and 11.7 μM for thrombin stimulated platelets. Also inhibits Voltage-gated Ca $^{2+}$ but not ATP-gated Ca $^{2+}$ entry. It has also been shown to block transient receptor potential canonical type (TRPC) channels 2 , high-voltage-activated (HVA) L-type channels 1 , K channels 3 , sarcoplasmic reticulum Ca-ATPase 4 and voltage-gated sodium channels 5 . SKF-96365 is a potent blocker of LVA T-type Ca channels, in particular Ca(V)3.1 (IC $_{50}$ = 0.56 μM).

- 1) Merritt et al., (1990) SKF96365, a novel inhibitor of receptor-mediated calcium entry; Biochem.J. 271 515
- 2) Kiselyov et al., (1998) Functional interaction between InsP3 receptors and store-operated Htrp3 channels; Nature 396 478
- 3) Schwarz et al., (1994) Multiple effects of SKF96365 on ionic currents and intracellular calcium in human endothelial cells; Cell Calcium 15 45
- 4) Mason et al., (1993) Inhibition of Ca2+ transport pathways in thymic lymphocytes by econazole, miconazole and SKF96365 Am.J.Physiol. **264** C654
- 5) Hong et al. (1994) Inhibition of the sodium channel by SKF96365, an inhibitor of the receptor-operated calcium channel, in mouse diaphragm; J.Biomed.Sci. 1 172
- 6) Singh et al.,(2010) The transient receptor potential channel antagonist SKF96365 is a potent blocker of low-voltage-activated *T-type calcium channels*; Br.J.Pharmacol. **160** 1464

PHYSICAL DATA

Molecular Weight: 402.91

Molecular Formula: C₂₂H₂₆N₂O₃⋅HCl Purity: >98% by TLC NMR: (Conforms)

Solubility: DMSO (up to 20 mg/ml), or water (up to 20 mg/ml)

Physical Description: White solid

Storage and Stability: Store as supplied at room temperature for up to 1 year from the date of purchase.

Solutions in DMSO or water may be stored at -20°C for up to 3 months.

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