

## Catalog # 10-1203 BAPTA-AM

CAS# 126150-97-8

1,2-bis-(2-Aminophenoxy)ethane-N,N,N',N'-tetraacetic acid, tetraacetoxymethyl ester Lot # X101473

BAPTA-AM is a selective cell permeable  $Ca^{2+}$  chelator. It is a widely used intracellular calcium sponge.<sup>1,2</sup> Rapidly taken up by cells where it is irreversibly hydrolyzed to BAPTA by intracellular esterases. Pretreatment of cells with BAPTA-AM inhibits thapsigargin-induced responses.<sup>3</sup> BAPTA-AM also blocks ether a-go-go-related gene potassium channels (Ki's: Kv1.5 = 1.23  $\mu$ M, Kv11.1 = 1.30  $\mu$ M, Kv1.3 = 1.45  $\mu$ M).<sup>4</sup>

- 1) Smith et al. (1992), Cytosolic calcium as a second messanger for collagen-induced platelet responses; Biochem. J., **288** 925
- 2) Yoshida et al. (1993), Role of calcium ion in induction of apoptosis by etoposide in human leukemia HL-60 cells; Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun., **196** 927
- 3) Jiang et al. (1994), Intracellular Ca2+ signals activate apoptosis in thymocytes: studies using the Ca(2+)-ATPase inhibitor thapsigargin; Exp. Cell Res., **212** 84
- 4) Tang et al. (2007), The membrane permeable calcium chelator BAPTA-AM directly blocks human ether a-go-go-related gene potassium channels stably expressed in HEK 293 cells; Biochem.Pharmacol. **74** 1596

## **PHYSICAL DATA**

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Molecular Weight:} & 764.70 \\ \mbox{Molecular Formula:} & C_{34} \mbox{H}_{40} \mbox{N}_2 \mbox{O}_{18} \\ \mbox{Purity:} & 95\% \mbox{ by TLC} \\ \end{array}$ 

NMR: (Conforms)

Solubility: DMSO (up to 15 mg/ml), DMF (up to 25 mg/ml) or Ethanol (up to 5 mg/ml with warming)

Physical Description: White solid

Storage and Stability: Store as supplied at -20°C for up to 1 year from the date of purchase. Solutions in

DMSO, DMF, or Ethanol may be stored at -20°C for up to 1 week.

Materials provided by Focus Biomolecules are for laboratory research use only and are not intended for human or veterinary applications.