

Catalog # 10-1525 MitoBloCK-12

CAS# 522-51-0

1,1'-Decamethylenebis(4-aminoquinaldinium)dichloride; Dequalinium chloride MB12; DECA Lot # X108275

Attenuates mitochondrial protein import (4-10 μ M). Discovered in a screen of FDA-approved drugs. Blocks translocation of a mutant form of alanine: glyoxylate aminotransferase (AGT) to the mitochondria and restores AGT trafficking to peroxisomes. Also reduces oxalate accumulation and thus has potential to treat patients with primary hyperoxaluria 1 who possess mutations in AGT. Also displays antimicrobial activity, inhibits apamin-sensitive K+ channels and induces apoptosis by inhibiting XIAP4.

- 1) Miyata et al. (2014), Pharmacologic rescue of an enzyme-trafficking defect in primary hyperoxaluria 1; Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA **111** 14406
- 2) Frey Tirri et al. (2011), Antimicrobial topical agents used in the vagina; Curr. Probl. Dermatol. 40 36
- 3) Castle et al. (1993), Dequalinium: a potent inhibitor of apamin-sensitive K+ channels in hepatocytes and of nicotinic responses in skeletal muscle; Eur. J. Pharmacol. **236** 201
- 4) Orzaez et al. (2011), Characterization of dequalinium as a XIAP antagonist that targets the BIR2 domain; Apoptosis **16** 460

PHYSICAL DATA

Molecular Weight: 527.58

Molecular Formula: C₃₀H₄₀Cl₂N₄

Purity: >98% by TLC

NMR: (Conforms)

Solubility: DMSO (1 mg/ml with warming), or Water (1 mg/ml)

Physical Description: Beige solid

Storage and Stability: Store as supplied at room temperature for up to 2 years from the date of purchase.

Solutions in DMSO or distilled water may be stored at -20°C for up to 3 months