

## Catalog # 10-2091 Okadaic acid

CAS# 78111-17-8
Isolated from marine dionflagellates
Lot # X101615

A naturally occurring polyether marine toxin. Potent and selective inhibitor of protein phosphatases inhibiting PP2A completely at 1 nM and PP1 at higher concentrations, while PP2C is not inhibited. It is an extremely useful tool for studying cellular protein phosphorylation<sup>2</sup>. Induces apoptosis in a variety of cell types<sup>3</sup>. Activates atypical protein kinase isotypes and induces insulin-like effects in adipocytes<sup>4</sup>. Caution: SKIN IRRITANT, TUMOR PROMOTOR. Avoid contact..

- 1) Cohen et al. (1990), Okadaic acid: a new probe for the study of cellular regulation; Trends Biochem. Sci., 15 98
- 2) Hardie et al. (1991), Use of okadaic acid to inhibit protein phosphatases in intact cells; Clin. Methods Enzymol., **201** 469
- 3) Haneji et al. (2013), Okadaic acid activates the PKR pathway and induces apoptosis through PKR stimulation in MG63 osteoblast-like cells; J. Oncol., **42** 1904
- 4) Standaert et al. (1999), Okadaic acid activates atypical protein kinase C (zeta/lambda) In rats and 3T3/L1 adipocytes. An apparent requirement for activation of Glut4 translocation and glucose transport; J. Biol. Chem, 274 14074

## **PHYSICAL DATA**

Molecular Weight: 805.00

Molecular Formula: C<sub>44</sub>H<sub>68</sub>O<sub>13</sub>

Purity: 98% by TLC

Solubility: DMSO (up to 40 mg/ml), or Ethanol (up to 5 mg/ml)

Physical Description: Off-white solid

Storage and Stability: Store as supplied desiccated at -20°C for up to 2 years from the date of purchase. Solutions in

DMSO or ethanol may be stored at -20°C for up to 1 month.

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