

Catalog # 10-2742 Pimaricin

7681-93-8 Natamycin

Fermentation product from *Streptomyces chattanoogensis*Lot # X101910

Polyene macrolide topical antifungal agent. Specifically binds to ergosterol and inhibits fungal growth, not by forming pores in the plasma membrane (as is the case with other polyene macrolides such as amphotericin B)¹ but by inhibition of amino acid and glucose transport². Blocks vacuole fusion at the priming phase via binding to ergosterol³.

- 1) te Welscher et al. (2008), Natamycin blocks fungal growth by binding specifically to ergosterol without permeabilizing the membrane; J. Biol. Chem., **283** 6393
- 2) te Welscheri et al. (2012), Polyene antibiotic that inhibits membrane transport proteins; Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA., **109** 11156
- 3) te Welscher et al. (2010), Natamycin inhibits vacuole fusion at the priming phase via a specific interaction with ergosterol; Antimicrob. Agents Chemother., **54** 2618

PHYSICAL DATA

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Molecular Weight:} & 665.74 \\ \mbox{Molecular Formula:} & C_{33}\mbox{H}_{47}\mbox{NO}_{13} \\ \mbox{Purity:} & 95\% \mbox{ by TLC} \end{array}$

NMR: (Conforms)

Solubility: DMSO (up to 7 mg/ml), Ethanol (less than 1 mg/ml)

Physical Description: Cream colored solid

Storage and Stability: Store as supplied desiccated at -20°C for up to 1 year from the date of purchase. Solutions in

DMSO or ethanol may be stored at -20°C for up to 1 week.

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