

## Catalog # 10-3150 Ophiobolin A

CAS# 4611-05-6 Cochliobolin A; Ophiobalin; NSC 114340 Lot # X108853

Selectively inhibits the growth of cancer cells ( $IC_{50}$ =0.4-4.3  $\mu$ M) over normal cells ( $IC_{50}$ =20.9  $\mu$ M).<sup>1</sup> Induces non-apoptotic cell death in glioblastoma cells and is active in an *in vivo* model.<sup>2</sup> Covalently reacts with primary amines such as lysine side chains<sup>2</sup> and phosphatidylethanolamine<sup>3</sup> forming unique pyrrole adducts. Induces ER stress<sup>4</sup>, paraptosis<sup>4</sup> and autophagy<sup>5</sup>.

- Bhatia et al. (2016), Anticancer activity of Ophiobolin A, isolated from the endophytic fungus Bipolaris setariae; Nat. Prod. Res., 30 1455
- 2) Dasari et al. (2015), Fungal metabolite ophiobolin A as a promising anti-glioma agent: In vivo evaluation, structure-activity relationship and unique pyrrolylation of primary amines; Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett., **25** 4544
- 3) Chidley et al. (2016), The anticancer natural product ophiobolin A induces cytotoxicity by covalent modification of phosphatidylethanolamine; Elife., **5** e14601
- 4) Kim et al. (2017), Ophiobolin A kills human glioblastoma cells by inducing endoplasmic reticulum stress via disruption of thiol proteostatis; Oncotarget, **8** 106740
- 5) Rodolfo et al. (2016), Ophiobolin A Induces Autophagy and Activates the Mitochondrial Pathway of Apoptosis in Human Melanoma Cells; PLoS One, **11** e0167672

## **PHYSICAL DATA**

NMR: (Conforms)

Solubility: DMSO (up to 10 mg/ml)

Physical Description: White solid

Storage and Stability: Store as supplied desiccated at -20°C for up to 2 years from the date of purchase. Solutions in

DMSO may be stored at -20°C for up to 2 months.

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