

Catalog # 10-3701 Ranolazine

CAS# 142387-99-3

(±)-N-(2,6-Dimethylphenyl)-2-[4-[2-hydroxy-3-(2-methoxyphenoxy)-propyl]piperazin-1-yl]acetamide Lot # FBA2070

Ranolazine is an FDA-approved drug used for the treatment of chronic angina. It inhibits the late inward sodium current in heart muscle leading to decreased intracellular calcium levels. It blocks Nav 1.4, 1.5, 1.7 and 1.8 (IC₅₀'s = 2.4^2 , 6.2^2 , $1.7^2(10.3^3)$, $21.5^3 \mu M$ respectively.

- 1) Belardinelli, et al., (2006), Inhibition of the late sodium current as a potential cardioprotective principle: effects of the late sodium current inhibitor ranolazine; Heart **92** iv6
- 2) Wang, et al. (2008), State- and Use-Dependent Block of Muscle Nav1.4 and Neuronal Nav1.7 Voltage-Gated Na+-Channel Isoforms by Ranolazine; Mol. Pharmacol. **73** 940
- 3) Rajamani, et al., (2008), Block of tetrodotoxin-sensitive, Na(V)1.7 and tetrodotoxin-resistant, Na(V)1.8, Na+ channels by ranolazine; Channels(Austin) **2** 449

PHYSICAL DATA

Molecular Weight: 427.54
Molecular Formula: C₂₄H₃₃N₃O₄

Purity: 98%(TLC: 10% Methanol/methylene chloride; $R_f = 0.63$) Solubility: Soluble in DMSO (>25 mg/mL) and ethanol (20 mg/mL).

Physical Description: White solid

Storage and Stability: Store as supplied at room temperature for up to 1 year from the date of purchase. DMSO and

ethanol solutions may be stored at -20°C for up to one month.

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