

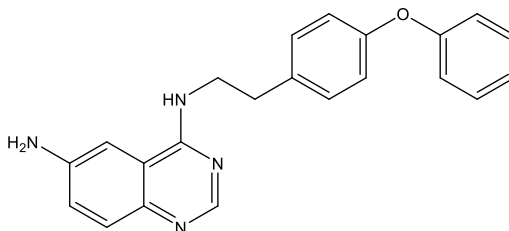
**Catalog # 10-4009**

**QNZ**

CAS# 545380-34-5

4-N-[2-(4-Phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]quinazoline-4,6-diamine; EVP4593

Lot # FBS2064



QNZ was originally described as a potent inhibitor of NF- $\kappa$ B activation ( $IC_{50}$  = 11 nM) and TNF- $\alpha$  production ( $IC_{50}$  = 7 nM).<sup>1,2</sup> It indirectly inhibits the NF- $\kappa$ B pathway via inhibition of store-operated calcium entry (SOC) and displayed neuroprotective effects in transgenic fly and mouse models of Huntington's disease.<sup>3,4</sup> Its target has been postulated to be heteromeric calcium channels containing TRPC1 as one of the subunits.<sup>4</sup> QNZ reduced synaptic neuronal SOC and rescued dendritic spine loss in YAC128 striatal medium spiny neurons.<sup>5</sup> QNZ has also been identified as a potent ( $IC_{50}$  = 25 nM complex 1 from *Y. lipolytica*;  $IC_{50}$  = 14 nM complex 1 from *Bos Taurus* heart mitochondria) and selective inhibitor of mitochondrial complex I.<sup>6</sup> QNZ decreased PSEN1 $\Delta$ E9-mediated nSOCE upregulation and rescued mushroom spines in PSEN1 $\Delta$ E9-expressing neurons, which are linked to familial Alzheimer's disease.<sup>7</sup>

- 1) Tobe *et al.* (2003), *Discovery of quinazolines as a novel structural class of potent inhibitors of NF-kappa B activation*; Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett, **11** 383
- 2) Tobe *et al.* (2003), *A novel structural class of potent inhibitors of NF-kB activation: structure-activity relationships and biological effects of 6-aminoquinazoline derivatives*; Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett, **11** 3869
- 3) Choi *et al.* (2006), *Nuclear factor-kappaB activated by capacitive Ca<sup>2+</sup> entry enhances muscarinic receptor-mediated soluble amyloid precursor protein (sAPPalpha) release in SH-SY5Y cells*; J. Biol. Chem., **281** 12722
- 4) Wu *et al.* (2011), *Neuronal Store-Operated Calcium Entry Pathway as a Novel Therapeutic Target for Huntington's Disease Treatment*; Chem. Biol., **18** 777
- 5) Wu *et al.* (2016), *Enhanced Store-Operated Calcium Entry Leads to Striatal Synaptic Loss in a Huntington's Disease Mouse Model*; J. Neurosci., **36** 125
- 6) Krishnathas *et al.* (2017), *Identification of 4-N-[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]quinazoline-4,6-diamine as a novel, highly potent and specific inhibitor of mitochondrial complex I*; Medchemcomm. **8** 657
- 7) Chernyuk *et al.* (2019), *Antagonist of neuronal store-operated calcium entry exerts beneficial effects in neurons expressing PSEN1 $\Delta$ E9 mutant linked to familial Alzheimer disease*; Neuroscience, **410** 118

**PHYSICAL DATA**

Molecular Weight:	356.42
Molecular Formula:	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>20</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O
Purity:	98% by HPLC
	NMR: (Conforms)
Solubility:	DMSO (20 mg/ml)
Physical Description:	Pale yellow solid
Storage and Stability:	Store as supplied desiccated at -20°C for up to 1 year from the date of purchase. Solutions in DMSO may be stored at -20°C for up to 1 month.

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