



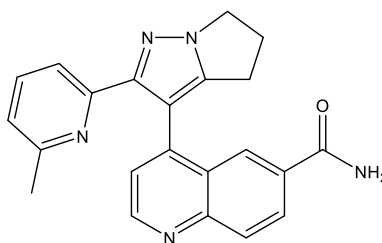
**Catalog # 10-4110**

**Galunisertib**

CAS# 700874-72-2

4-[2-(6-Methylpyridin-2-yl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyrrolo[1,2-b]pyrazol-3-yl]quinoline-6-carboxamide; LY2157299

Lot # FBS1099



Galunisertib is a TGF- $\beta$  kinase (ALK5) antagonist.<sup>1</sup> It stimulated hematopoiesis from primary myelodysplastic syndrome bone marrow specimens via downregulation of SMAD2 phosphorylation.<sup>2</sup> It has been in clinical trials for treatment of various cancers.<sup>3-5</sup> Galunisertib has more recently been used to enhance the anti-neuroblastoma activity of anti-GD2 antibody Dinutuximab with natural killer cells<sup>6</sup> and preserved the function of in vitro expanded natural killer cells in AML and colon cancer models<sup>7</sup>. Galunisertib reversed TGF $\beta$  and regulatory T cell mediated suppression of human T cell proliferation. In combination with PD-L1 blockade, it resulted in improved tumor growth inhibition and complete regressions in colon carcinoma models.<sup>8</sup>

- 1) Bueno *et al.* (2008), *Semi-mechanistic modelling of the tumour growth inhibitory effects of LY2157299, a new type I receptor TGF- $\beta$  kinase antagonist, in mice*; Eur.J.Cancer **44** 142
- 2) Zhou *et al.* (2011), *Reduced SMAD7 leads to overactivation of TGF-beta signaling in MDS that can be reversed by a specific inhibitor of TGF-beta receptor I kinase*; Cancer Res. **71** 955
- 3) Rodon *et al.* (2015), *First-in-human dose study of the novel transforming growth factor- $\beta$ -receptor I kinase inhibitor LY2157299 monohydrate in patients with advanced cancer and glioma*; Clin.Cancer Res. **21** 553
- 4) Herbertz *et al.* (2015), *Clinical development of galunisertib (LY2157299 monohydrate), a small molecule inhibitor of transforming growth factor-beta signaling pathway*; Drug Des.Devel.Ther. **9** 4479
- 5) Brandes *et al.* (2016), *A Phase II randomized study of galunisertib monotherapy or galunisertib plus lomustine compared with lomustine monotherapy in patients with recurrent glioblastoma*; Neuro.Oncol. **18** 1146
- 6) Tran *et al.* (2017), *TGF $\beta$ R1 Blockade with Galunisertib (LY2157299 Enhances Anti-Neuroblastoma Activity of the Anti-GD2 Antibody Dinutuximab (ch14.18) with Natural Killer Cells*; Clin.Cancer Res. **23** 804
- 7) Otegbeye *et al.* (2018), *Inhibiting TGF-beta signaling preserves the function of highly activated, in vitro expanded natural killer cells in AML and colon cancer models*; PLoS One **13** e0197008
- 8) Holmgaard *et al.* (2018), *Targeting the TGF $\beta$  pathway with galunisertib, a TGF $\beta$ RI small molecule inhibitor, promotes anti-tumor immunity leading to durable, complete response, as monotherapy and in combination with checkpoint blockade*; J.Immunother.Cancer **6** 47

### **PHYSICAL DATA**

Molecular Weight:	369.43
Molecular Formula:	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>19</sub> N <sub>5</sub> O
Purity:	>98%
	NMR: (Conforms)
Solubility:	Soluble in DMSO (25 mg/ml)
Physical Description:	White solid
Storage and Stability:	Store as supplied at -20° for up to 1 year from the date of purchase. Store solutions at -20°C for up to 1 month.

**Materials provided by Focus Biomolecules are for laboratory research use only and are not intended for human or veterinary applications.**